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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/512,576		02/24/2000	Richard Crump	2204/A12(BA375)	5786
2101	7590	01/15/2004		EXAMI	NER
,		NSTEIN LLP	VU, THONG H		
125 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MA 02110-1618				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				2142	9
				DATE MAILED: 01/15/2004	<i></i>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Annitonation Man	Andi					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summan	09/512,576	CRUMP, RICHARD					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Thong H Vu	2142					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	ION. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	28 October 2003.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑	This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-11</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-11</u> is/are rejected.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to to the drawing(s) be held in abeya correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign languages acknowledgment is made of a claim for do reference was included in the first sentence.	ments have been received. ments have been received in A e priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). a list of the certified copies no mestic priority under 35 U.S.C he first sentence of the specific ge provisional application has b mestic priority under 35 U.S.C	Application No In received in this National Stage It received. It is \$ 119(e) (to a provisional application) cation or in an Application Data Sheet. It is peen received. It is is a specific stage of the					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	.8) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

Application/Control Number: 09/512,576 Page 2

Art Unit: 2142

1. Claims 1-4,6-11 are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant argues the prior art (Hellman-Benning) did not teach creating a single virtual circuit for the connection-oriented client on the communication channel, wherein the virtual circuit is the only virtual circuit on the communication channel. Hellman-Benning did not teach the only single virtual circuit on the communication channel. Examiner notes the previous prior art does not contain this limitation. However these limitations have been taught by the new prior art (i.e.:Byrne, col5 lines 50-55;Hellman, col 2 lines 28-48;Harris, col 3 lines 40-47;Biber, abstract). Therefore it moots to new ground of rejection wherein the rejection bases on the new prior art with the equivalent limitation as the invention claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter (i.e.: The "logic" is merely a program per se).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

. 1

Application/Control Number: 09/512,576 Page 3

Art Unit: 2142

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-4,6-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Hellman et al [Hellman 6,064,648] in view of Benning et al [Benning 5,917,823].

As per claim 1, Hellman discloses a method for binding a connection-oriented client to a communication channel, the method comprising:

creating a communication channel for the connection-oriented client (i.e.: X.25, ATM), the communication channel having a channel identifier (i.e.: the data link connection identifier) [Hellman, x.25, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 2 lines 28-48];

creating a single virtual circuit for the connection-oriented client on the communication channel, wherein the virtual circuit is the only virtual circuit on the communication channel [Hellman, a single virtual channel, col 2 lines 28-48]; a single virtual connection or single logical link over a connection was well-known in the art [see Harris, col 3 lines 40-47;Biber, abstract]

and forwarding data received from the communication channel to the connectionoriented client based upon the channel identifier [Hellman, FECN, col 2 lines 28-48].

However Hellman did not detail binding the communication channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier. A skilled artisan would have motivation to modify the communication process on a connection-oriented network and found Benning teaching. Benning taught a routing software for X.25 engine established permanent virtual connection by using the X.25 packets with a connection

Art Unit: 2142

identifier [Benning col 10 lines 5-17] wherein the driver provides a call setup and binds the two end of the virtual circuit [Benning, col 4 lines 50-65]

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the routing software which provides X.25 packet with a channel/connection identifier on router or client device as taught by Benning into the Hellman's apparatus in order to utilize the connection identifier. Doing so would provide a quick, simple and reliable access for storing, routing and retrieving multimedia data over the connection oriented network.

- 4. Claims 6,8,10 contain the similar limitations set forth of apparatus claim 1. Therefore, claims 6,8,10 are rejected for the similar rationale set forth in claim 1.
- 5. As per claim 2, Hellman-Benning disclose the communication channel is an X.25 logical channel [Hellman col 2 lines 6-27], and wherein the channel identifier is an X.25 channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17].
- 6. As per claim 3, Hellman-Benning disclose binding the communication channel to the connection-oriented client [Hellman col 2 lines 6-27] based upon the channel identifier comprises including the channel identifier in binding messages [Benning col10 lines 5-17].

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 09/512,576 Page 5

Art Unit: 2142

7. As per claim 4, Hellman-Benning disclose forwarding data by the connection oriented client over the communication channel [Hellman, FECN, col 2 lines 28-48] based upon the channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17].

- 8. As per claim 5, Hellman-Benning disclose forwarding data from the communication channel to the connection-oriented client [Hellman, FECN, col 2 lines 28-48] based upon the channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17].
- 9. As per claim 7, Hellman-Benning disclose the driver logic includes X.25 logic for creating an X.25 communication channel having an X.25 channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17], and wherein the binding logic binds the connection-oriented client and the X.25 communication channel using the X.25 channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17].
- 10. As per claim 9, Hellman-Benning disclose the driver logic includes X.25 logic for creating an X.25 communication channel having an X.25 channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17], and wherein the binding logic binds the connection-oriented client and the X.25 communication channel using the X.25 channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17].
- 11. As per claim 11, Hellman-Benning disclose a method comprising:

Art Unit: 2142

registering to receive a call by a connection-oriented client [Hellman, a list of DLCI values, col 5 lines 9-17];

receiving a call by a driver [driver, Benning col 4 lines 49-53];

creating a channel by the driver, the channel having a channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17];

creating a single virtual circuit for the connection-oriented client on the communication channel, wherein the virtual circuit is the only virtual circuit on the communication channel [Hellman, a single virtual channel, col 2 lines 28-48];

binding the channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier [Benning col10 lines 5-17]

forwarding data received from the communication channel to the connectionoriented client based upon the channel identifier [Hellman, FECN, col 2 lines 28-48].

- 12. Claims 1-4,6-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Pajuvirta et al [Pajuvirta 5,970,048] in view of Byrne [Byrne 6,229,787 B1]
- 13. As per claim 1, Pajuvirta discloses a method for binding a connection-oriented client to a communication channel, the method comprising:

creating a communication channel for the connection-oriented client [Pajuvirta, X.25, col 1 lines 33-57], the communication channel having a channel identifier (i.e.: the data link connection identifier) [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13];

Art Unit: 2142

creating a single virtual circuit for the connection-oriented client on the communication channel, wherein the virtual circuit is the only virtual circuit on the communication channel [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13]

and binding the communication channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier [Pajuvirta, binding the degree of severity of congestion notifications to the fill rate of respective ones of said buffers at a respective said node, col 9 lines 7-15; it is obvious the notification provides the data link connection identifier or channel identifier, col 5 lines 30-44].

However Pajuvirta did not detail forwarding data received from the communication channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier. A skilled artisan would have motivation to modify the communication process on a connection-oriented network and found Byrne teaching. Byrne taught a connection oriented network such as ATM provides a binding between user and server using only a single virtual connection [Byrne Fig 3, col 4 lines 15-17, col 5 lines 50-55] wherein the binding process using a forwarding table [Byrne, col 6 lines 11-30]

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the software which provides the bindgin process which forward data to client by using the the single virtual connection as taught by Byrne into the Pajuvirta's apparatus in order to utilize the connection identifier. Doing so would provide a quick, simple and reliable access for storing, routing and retrieving multimedia data over the connection oriented network.

Page 8

Art Unit: 2142

14. Claims 6,8,10 contain the similar limitations set forth of apparatus claim 1. Therefore, claims 6,8,10 are rejected for the similar rationale set forth in claim 1.

- 15. As per claim 2, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose the communication channel is an X.25 logical channel [Pajuvirta, X.25, col 1 lines 33-57], and wherein the channel identifier is an X.25 channel identifier [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13].
- 16. As per claim 3, Pajuvirta-Benning disclose binding the communication channel to the connection-oriented client [Pajuvirta, X.25, col 1 lines 33-57] based upon the channel identifier comprises including the channel identifier in binding messages [Pajuvirta, binding, col 9 lines 7-15].
- 17. As per claim 4, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose forwarding data by the connection oriented client over the communication channel [Pajuvirta, FECN, col 2 lines 28-48] based upon the channel identifier [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13].
- 18. As per claim 5, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose forwarding data from the communication channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13].

Art Unit: 2142

- 19. As per claim 7, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose the driver logic includes X.25 logic for creating an X.25 communication channel having an X.25 channel identifier and wherein the binding logic binds the connection-oriented client and the X.25 communication channel using the X.25 channel identifier [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13].
- 20. As per claim 9, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose the driver logic includes X.25 logic for creating an X.25 communication channel having an X.25 channel identifier and wherein the binding logic binds the connection-oriented client and the X.25 communication channel using the X.25 channel identifier [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13].
- 21. As per claim 11, Pajuvirta-Byrne disclose a method comprising:
 registering to receive a call by a connection-oriented client [Byrne, updating
 connection table, col 7 lines 55-57];

receiving a call by a driver [Pajuvirta, binding, col 9 lines 7-15];

creating a channel by the driver, the channel having a channel identifier

[Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13];

creating a single virtual circuit for the connection-oriented client on the communication channel, wherein the virtual circuit is the only virtual circuit on the communication channel [Pajuvirta, DLCI and a single virtual channel, col 3 line 46-col 4 line 13];

Art Unit: 2142

binding the channel to the connection-oriented client based upon the channel identifier [Pajuvirta, binding, col 9 lines 7-15]

forwarding data received from the communication channel to the connectionoriented client based upon the channel identifier [Byrne, col 6 lines 11-30].

22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Thong Vu, whose telephone number is (703)-305-4643.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00AM- 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, *Jack Harvey*, can be reached at (703) 305-9705.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-9700.

Any response to this action should be mailed to: Commissioner of Patent and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231 or faxed to:

After Final

(703) 746-7238

Official:

(703) 746-7239

Non-Official (703) 746-7240

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 11,2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Thong Vu Patent Examiner Art Unit 2142

JACK B. HARVEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 10